

# Towards a Robust FreeBSD-Based Cloud: Porting OpenStack Components

Chih-Hsin Chang @ AsiaBSDCon 2024



freeBSD®



openstack®

# Outlines

- Introduction
- Background
- Current Status
- Challenges
- Roadmap
- Conclusion

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# Who Am I

- Chih-Hsin (Zespre) Chang
- Software developer @ SUSE
- Harvester HCI open source project



# Project Origin

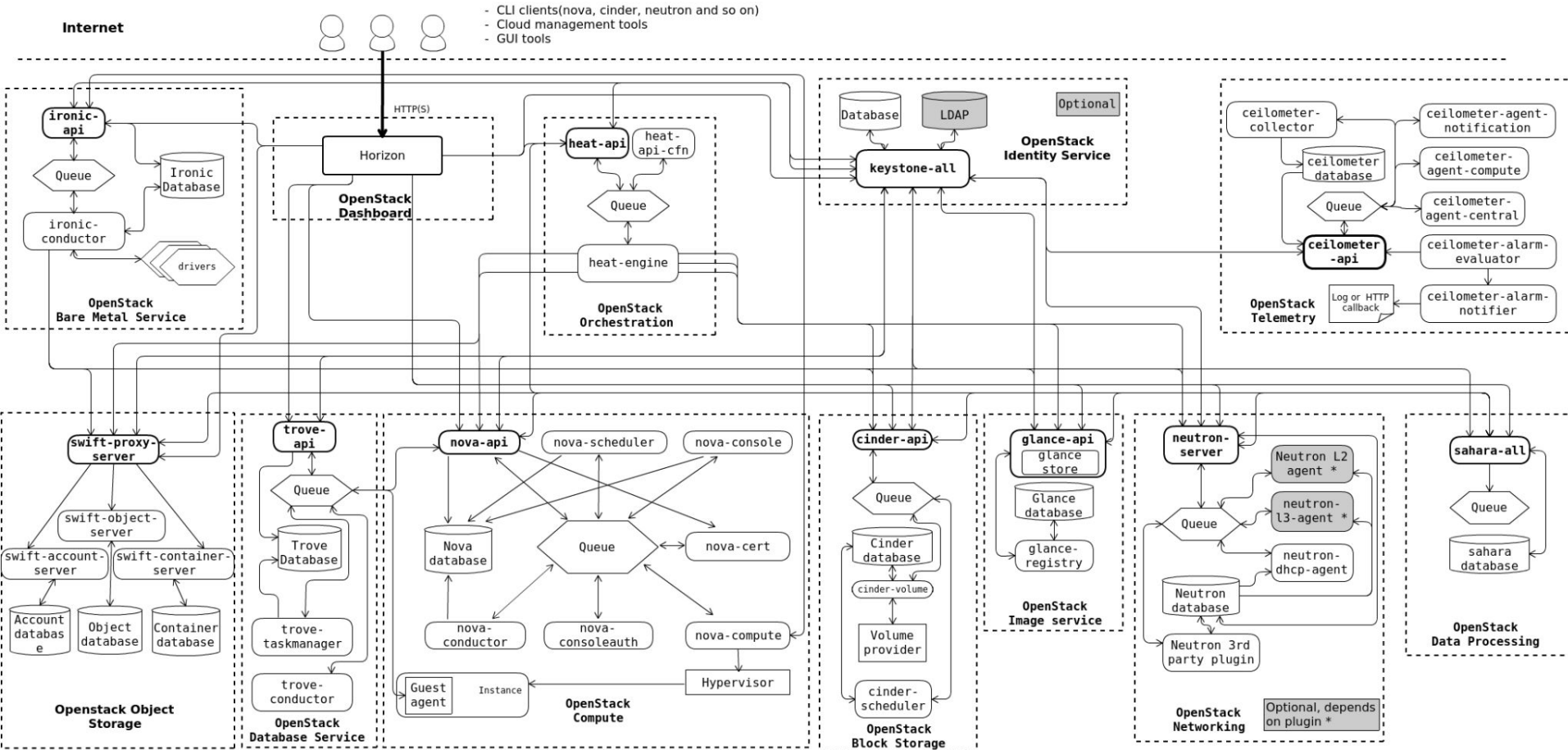
- CHERI (Capability Hardware Enhanced RISC Instructions)
  - Managing a set of Morello evaluation boards with OpenStack Ironic
- The OpenStack on FreeBSD Project
  - Started in Jan. 2022
  - Chih-Hsin Chang & Li-Wen Hsu (lwhsu)
  - Initially targeting OpenStack Ironic
  - Pivot to VM-first

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- Background
  - Keystone
  - Glance & Placement
  - Neutron
  - Nova
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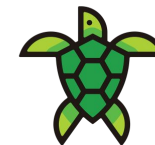
# Open What?

- A cloud infrastructure for virtual machines, bare metal, and containers
- Consist of a stack of open-source software components to provide services
  - Compute
  - Networking
  - Storage
  - Orchestration
  - Application lifecycle
  - Telemetry
  - ...
- Latest release: 2023.02 Bobcat





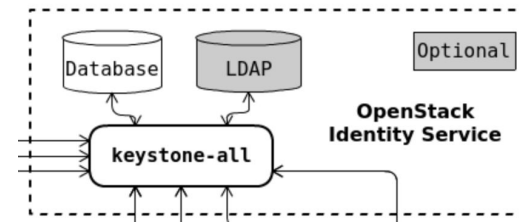
# Keystone (Identity Service and Service Catalog)



**KEYSTONE**

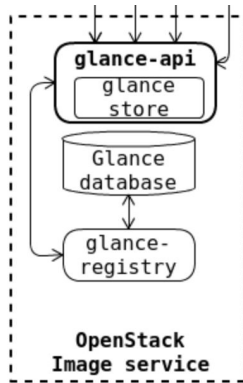
*an OpenStack Community Project*

- API client authn and authz
- Support LDAP server as backend
- Service discovery



# Glance (Image Service) & Placement (Inventory Service)

- Serve VM images and their metadata
- Track cloud resource inventory and usage
- Help other services, e.g. Nova, do the decision about resource allocation



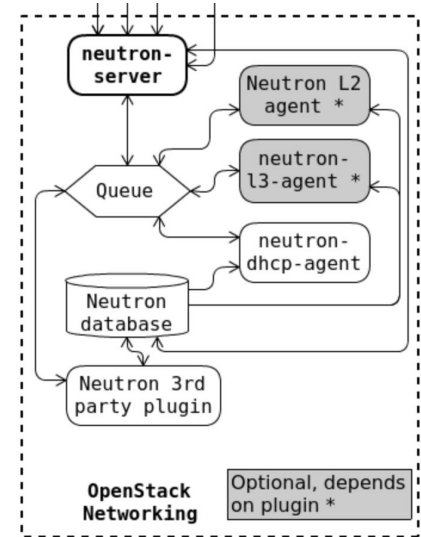
# Neutron (Networking Service)

- API server
  - Accept HTTP-based requests from other components
- Various agents
  - L2: L2 network connectivity to OpenStack resources
  - L3: virtual routers and floating IPs
  - DHCP: IP address issuance
  - Metadata: cloud-init metadata and user data
- ML2 (Modular Layer 2) plug-ins
  - Type drivers: flat, Geneve, GRE, VLAN, and VXLAN
  - Mechanism drivers: Open vSwitch, Linux bridge, OVN, SRIOV, MacVTap, and L2 population



**NEUTRON**

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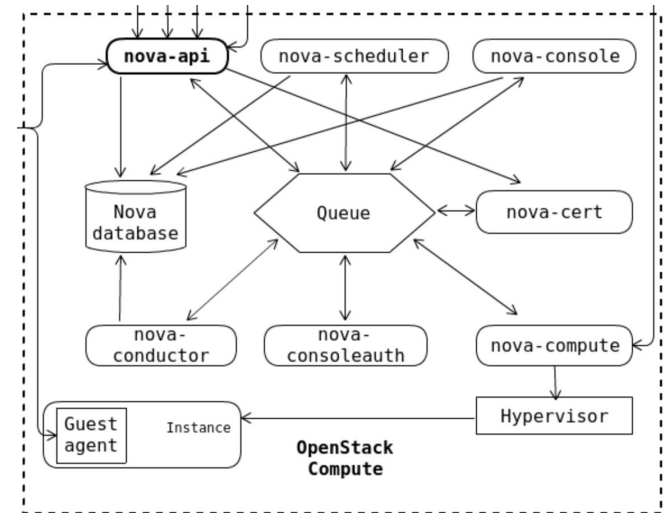
# Nova (Compute Service)



**NOVA**

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- API server
  - Accept HTTP-based requests from other components
- Scheduler
  - Collect resource usage from compute nodes
  - Decide what node to run the instance
- Conductor
  - Prepare instance information based on DB entries
- Compute
  - Manage instance lifecycle through hypervisor on each compute node
  - Hypervisor manager
- Serial proxy
  - Provide access to instance console over WebSocket



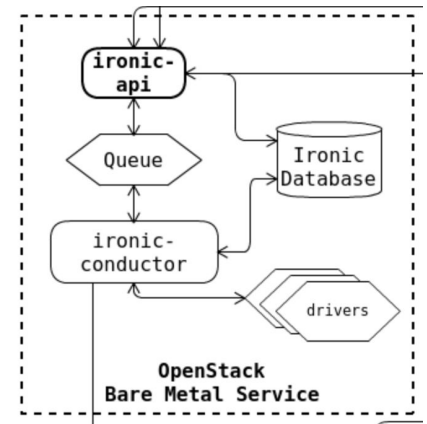
# Ironic (Bare-metal Provisioning Service)

- Manages bare-metals in contrast to typical Nova usage
- Deployment models
  - Stand-alone mode
  - Keystone + Ironic
  - As a Nova virt driver



**IRONIC**

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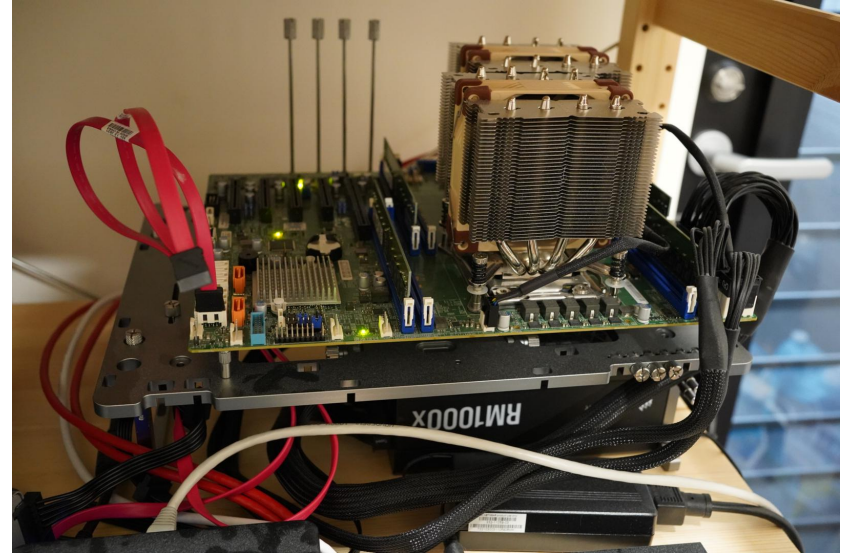


# Outlines

- Introduction
- Background
- **Project Status**
  - Development Environment
  - OpenStack Xena Integration
  - Porting OpenStack Components
  - Demo
- Challenges
- Roadmap
- Conclusion

# Development Environment

- In-house development environment
  - Processors: 2 x Intel® Xeon® E5-2680 v4
  - Motherboard: Supermicro® X10DRL-i
  - Memory: 64 GB RAM
  - Storage: 1 TB SSD
- Remote PoC site: openstack1
- Single-node, all-in-one cluster



# So, what does it look like now?

- Install from source
- Each component runs in its own Python virtual environment

## Keystone

- Source code: unmodified

## Glance

- Source code: unmodified

## Placement

- Source code: unmodified

## Neutron

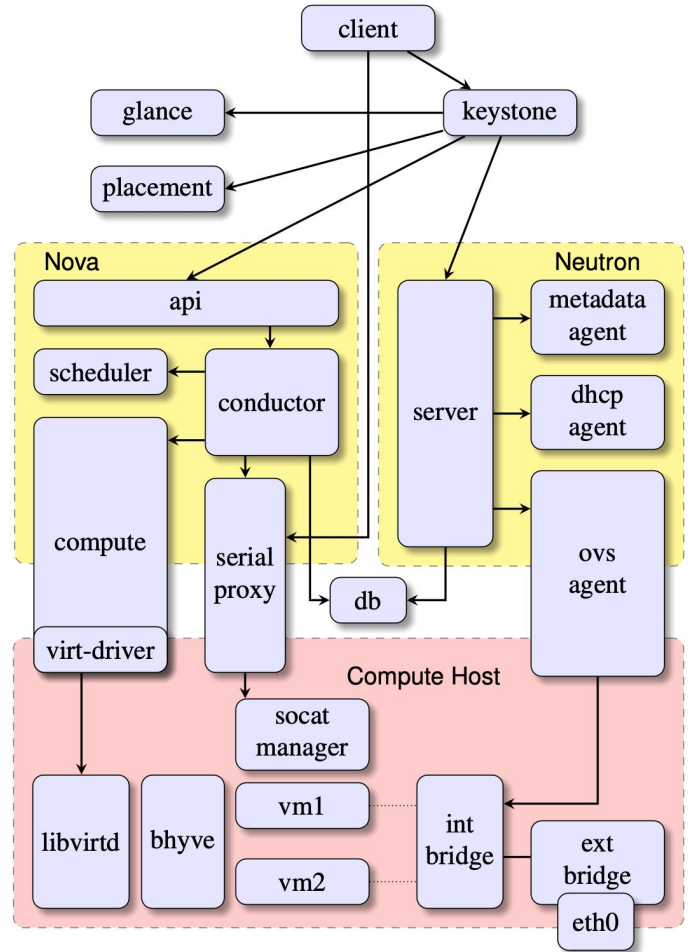
- Source code: patches
- Configuration: flat network + Open vSwitch

## Nova

- Source code: patches
- Configuration: libvirt + bhyve

## ➤ Limitations

- No tenant network isolation
- Need external DHCP service
- No floating IPs





# (Live?) Demo

The demo video, just in case something bad happens  
<https://asciinema.org/a/647308>

# OpenStack Xena Integration



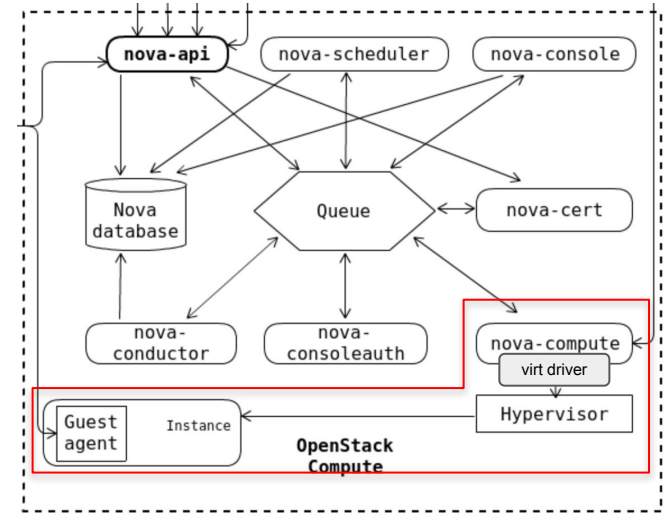
- The “OpenStack on FreeBSD” GitHub organization
  - <https://github.com/openstack-openstack>
  - Steps by step build and installation guide
    - **openstack-on-freebsd/docs**
  - Administration (issue management)
    - **openstack-on-freebsd/admin**
  - Ported source code
    - **(forked) openstack-on-freebsd/neutron**
    - **(forked) openstack-on-freebsd/nova**
  - FreeBSD ports collection
    - **openstack-on-freebsd/openstack**
  - Custom solutions
    - **openstack-on-freebsd/socat-manager**
    - **(forked) openstack-on-freebsd/novaconsole**

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- Introduction
- Background
- Current Status
- **Challenges**
  - Computing
  - Networking
  - Privilege Model
  - Miscellaneous
- Roadmap
- Conclusion

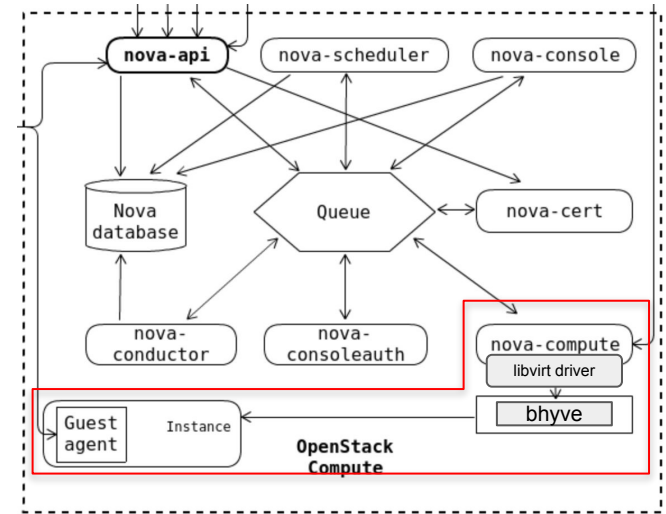
# Challenge - Computing

- Nova abstracts the operations against the underlying hypervisors
- Nova virtualization driver
  - Well-defined interfaces
  - Per-compute node configuration
- Currently supported drivers
  - **libvirt.LibvirtDriver**
  - **fake.FakeDriver**
  - **ironic.IronicDriver**
  - **vmwareapi.VMwareVCDriver**
  - **zvm.ZVMDriver**



# Using the libvirt Driver on FreeBSD

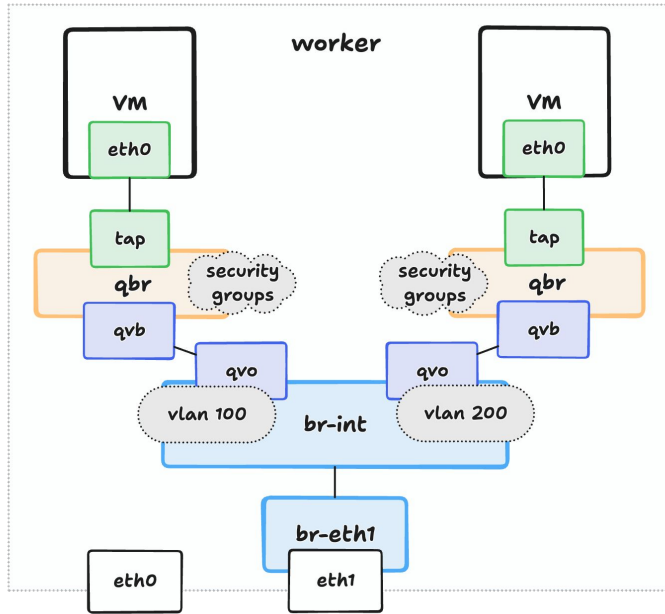
- libvirt
  - Only implement a limited set of functionalities for FreeBSD/bhyve
- libvirt virt driver
  - Some operations specific to bhyve not covered by libvirt
  - Require a new virtualization type - bhyve



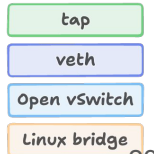
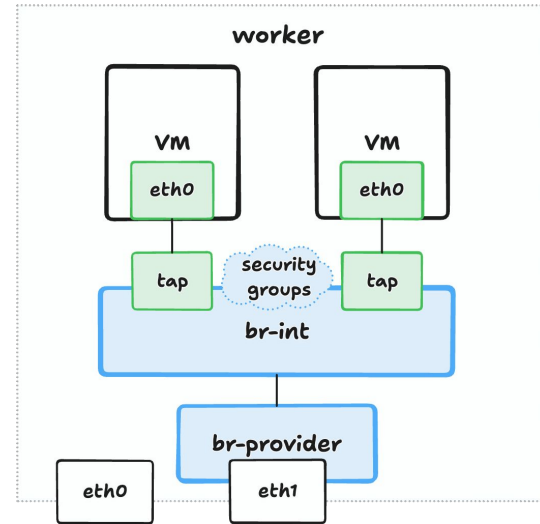
# Challenge - Networking

- The combination of ML2 drivers for FreeBSD
  - Type driver: flat
  - Mechanism driver: openvswitch
- L2 agent
  - No Linux bridge available
  - No iptables available
- L3 agent - virtual routers
  - No iptables
- DHCP agent
  - No Linux network namespace
  - No Linux veth pairs

## VLAN + Open vSwitch (Linux host)



## Flat + Open vSwitch (FreeBSD host)



# Open vSwitch on FreeBSD

- Open vSwitch **datapath\_type=netdev**, without DPDK
  - No openvswitch kernel module
  - The combination is considered experimental (not tested thoroughly)
  - Performance issue
- Todos
  - Enable DPDK
  - Develop native FreeBSD bridge agent



# IP Address Mismatch

- VMs get IP addresses from the external DHCP server
- Flow rules enforced by the underlying Open vSwitch
  - Source IP address does not match the one Neutron allocated
- Result: packets originated from VMs get dropped

# Challenge - Privilege Management

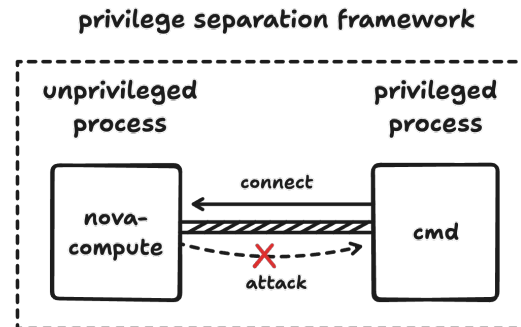
- Principle of least privilege
  - Running with reduced/no privilege
  - Escalating when absolutely required
- All operations will be translated into commands and run on the OS, eventually
  - **chown(8)**
  - **ip(8)**
  - **ovs-vsctl(8)**

# The Evolution of Privilege Mechanism in OpenStack

- **sudo**
  - One-shot
  - All or nothing
- **oslo.rootwrap**
  - Allow advanced filters
  - Support one-shot or daemon mode
  - Performance penalty
  - Does not allow long-lived/streaming commands
- **oslo.privsep**
  - Leverage Linux capabilities
    - Drop root superpowers but only keep what is required
  - Two-process model (unprivileged and privileged)
    - Connected over a local communication channel
    - Share the same fate

```
$ sudo command
```

```
$ sudo nova-rootwrap /etc/nova/rootwrap.conf command
```



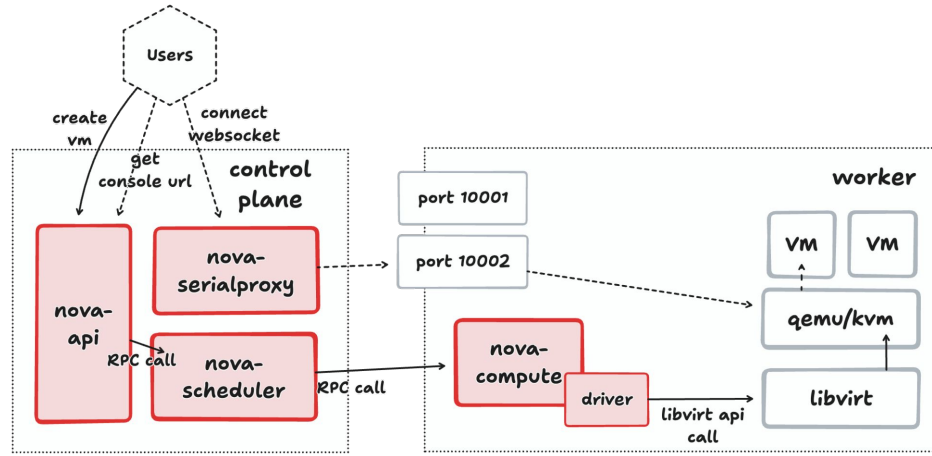
# What about FreeBSD?

- Linux capabilities is not available on FreeBSD
- Workaround
  - Fallback to rootwrap
- Formal solution
  - Leverage FreeBSD's own privilege management mechanism

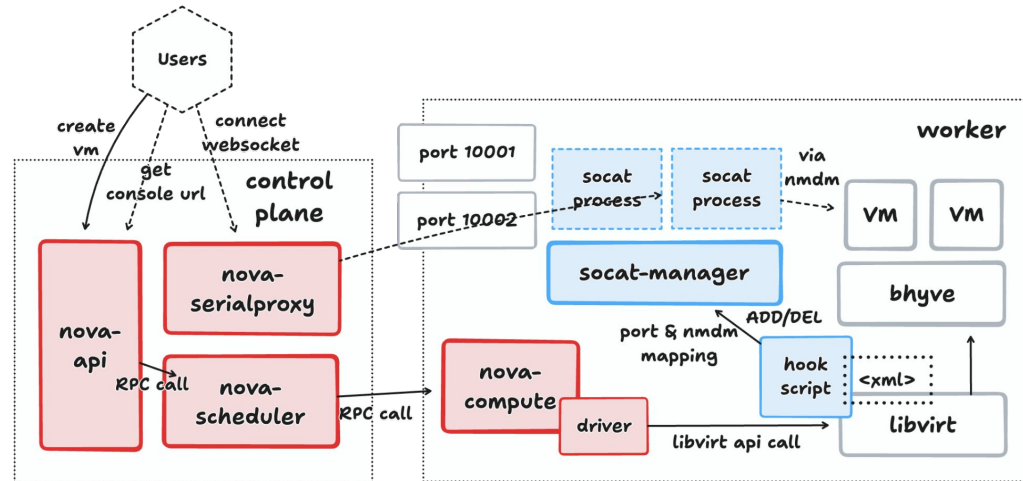
# Misc - Exposing VM Serial Console

- Introducing socat-manager
    - Listening on Unix socket
    - Maintaining TCP port to **nmdm(4)** mappings
    - Managing **socat(1)** processes
- ```
$ /usr/local/bin/socat \  
    file:/dev/nmdm21B,ispeed=9600,ospeed=9600,raw,echo=0 \  
    tcp-listen:10014,bind=0.0.0.0,reuseaddr,fork
```
- The libvirt hook script
    - Taking the domain XML as the input
    - Calling socat-manager with parameters (port and nmdm device name) as the side effect
  - Ugly, but it works

## On Linux hosts



## On FreeBSD hosts



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# Roadmap

- Development of native drivers for Neutron and Nova
- Porting additional OpenStack components to FreeBSD
- Migration to new versions of OpenStack
- Creating corresponding FreeBSD ports
- Continuous engagement and knowledge sharing
- Performance and scalability improvements



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# Conclusion

- Use cases are very limited
  - We dropped many things to make it viable
- There are many topics/issues need expertise
  - Exploring network implementation equivalents
  - Finding suitable privilege model
- Bringing Linux-first design to FreeBSD
- Follow the Windows path (?)
- Need to formalize the changes

# Thank you!

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